

Appl. No. 10/733,661  
Amdt. dated Aug. 5, 2005  
Reply to Office Action of Mar. 8, 2005

**Amendments to the Specification:**

Please replace the title with the following amended title:

COMMUNICATION DEVICE AND METHOD OF OPERATION THEREFOR ~~THEREFORE~~

Please replace paragraph 0004 (page 1, lines 12-22) with the following amended paragraph:

[0004] In the prior art, cordless telephones typically are used in the home to allow the user to place and receive telephone calls at any point throughout the house. A cordless telephone system typically includes a portable cordless handset and a cordless base station connected to a telephone company phone system by telephone landlines. The cordless base station has an assigned landline telephone number that allows the user to place and receive calls using the cordless portable handset within a limited range of the cordless base station, such as in a home. However, due to its ~~[[their]]~~ limited range, the cordless portable handset provides the user with relatively local radiotelephone communication. Further, a cordless telephone call is used generally for one to one communication via the landline communication system with limited capabilities for multi-device communication using conference calling options.

Please replace paragraph 0012 (page 3, lines 7-15) with the following amended paragraph:

[0012] As required, detailed embodiments of the present invention are disclosed herein; however, it is to be understood that the disclosed embodiments are merely exemplary of the invention, which can be embodied in various forms. Therefore, specific structural and functional details disclosed herein are not to be interpreted as limiting, but rather should be interpreted merely as a basis for the claims and as a representative basis for teaching one skilled in the art to variously employ the present invention in virtually any appropriately detailed structure. Further, the terms and phrases used herein are not intended to be limiting; but rather~~[[,]]~~ are intended to provide an understandable description of the invention.

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Please replace paragraph 0013 (page 3, line 16 through page 4, line 3) with the following amended paragraph:

[0013] The terms “a” or “an,” as used herein, are defined as one or more than one. The term “plurality,” as used herein, is defined as two or more ~~than two~~. The term “another,” as used herein, is defined as at least a second or more. The terms “including” and/or “having,” as used herein, are defined as comprising (i.e., open language). The term “coupled,” as used herein, is defined as connected, although not necessarily directly, and not necessarily mechanically. The terms “program,” “software application,” and the like, as used herein, are defined as a sequence of instructions designed for execution on a computer system. A program, computer program, or software application may include a subroutine, a function, a procedure, an object method, an object implementation, an executable application, an applet, a servlet, a source code, an object code, a shared library/dynamic load library and/or other sequence of instructions designed for execution on a computer system.

Please replace paragraph 0014 (page 3, lines 7-15) with the following amended paragraph:

[0014] FIG. 1 is a generalized block diagram of a system 100 for cordless and two way radio communication. A communication device 105, as illustrated, has the capability to communicate with a plurality of conventional two way radio handsets 110 using conventional two way radio channels 115. The two way radio channels, for example, can be within the UHF (ultra high frequency) range. The communication device 105, for example, can monitor the two way radio channels 115 for channel activity. (i.e., a user can listen to others transmitting within the two way radio channels 115). The communication device 105 ~~further~~ can further transmit to the ~~plurality~~ of two way radio handsets 110 over the two way radio channels 115. (i.e., a user can depress a push-to-talk ~~push-a-talk~~ button and speak into a microphone of the communication device).

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Please replace paragraph 0017 (page 5, line 17 through page 6, line 10) with the following amended paragraph:

[0017] As illustrated in FIG. 2, the cordless telephone 205 includes one or more antennas 260 and associated circuitry for communicating within a cordless telephone system. For example, the ~~one or more~~ antennas 260 can transmit and receive cordless calls over the communication link 130 (see FIG. 1) established between the cordless base station 120 (see FIG. 1) and the device 200. The ~~one or more~~ antennas 260 are operatively coupled to a cordless module 265, which includes functional circuits and software for operating the cordless telephone 205. The cordless module 265, for example, can include a conventional cordless telephone transceiver, a cordless phone microprocessor, a memory, and the like, as is well known in the art. An earpiece 270 is coupled to the cordless module 265 for outputting audio communications for the user to hear. The speaker 215 and associated speaker circuitry 220 ~~[[further]]~~ are further coupled to the cordless module 265 for outputting audio communications for the user as well. The speaker 215 and/or the earpiece 270 receive electrical signals from the cordless module 265 and convert them into sound. The ~~one or more~~ microphones 240, 245 are further coupled to the cordless module 265 for receiving audio inputs from a user of the device 200. Each of the ~~one or more~~ microphones 240, 245 changes the sound waves from a user's voice into electrical signals that are sent to the cordless module 265.

Please replace paragraph 0018 (page 6, lines 11-24) with the following amended paragraph:

[0018] As illustrated in FIG. 2, the two way radio 210 includes one or more antennas 270 and associated circuitry to transmit and receive signals on one or more two way radio channels 115 (see FIG. 1) for communication with one or more two way radio handsets 110. As illustrated, the two way radio 210 includes various circuits coupled together to provide two way radio operation as is well known in the art. For example, received two way radio signals are processed through the ~~one or more~~ antennas 270 and associated circuitry, one or more amps 275, 280 and one or more filters 285 to a radio frequency (RF) circuit 290~~[[,]]~~ and an analog circuit 295, and are finally processed by the shared microprocessor 250. Similarly, communications for

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transmission from the two way radio 210 are processed from the microphone 245 through the analog circuit 295, the RF circuit 290, one or more drivers 296, one or more power amplifiers 298 and sent via the ~~one or more~~ antennas 270 and associated circuitry. Such two way radio communications are well known in the art and are thus presented in generalities for simplicity purposes herein.

Please replace paragraph 0019 (page 7, lines 1-5) with the following amended paragraph:

[0019] In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the shared microprocessor 250 is adapted to perform various services associated with both the cordless telephone 205 and the two way radio 210. Preferably, various ergonomic functions of the device 200, including the interface between the cordless telephone 205 and the two way radio 210, are ~~[[is]]~~ controlled by the shared microprocessor 250.

Please replace paragraph 0021 (page 7, lines 13-24) with the following amended paragraph:

[0021] By combining the two-way radio 210 operating at UHF frequencies and the cordless telephone 205 operating at 2.4 GHz, there are conditions under which the cordless telephone 205 can create RF interference with the two-way radio operation. One such instance is when a call on the cordless telephone 205 is placed on hold so that the user can communicate on the two-way radio 210. In typical cordless telephone systems, the communication device 105 maintains a full duplex communication link with the cordless base station 120 even when the call is placed on hold. The switching between reception ~~[[receive]]~~ and transmission, ~~[[transmit]]~~ and the pulsing of the RF on the cordless telephone due to the use of a Time Division Duplex (TDD) channel, can introduce noise into the two-way transmitter circuit (VCO, PLL, etc.) resulting in excessive transmit audio noise and distorted audio as heard by the receiving two way radio (i.e., one of the ~~plurality of two way radio handsets 110~~).~~[[D]]~~

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Please replace paragraph 0022 (page 8, lines 1-10) with the following amended paragraph:

[0022] In accordance with the present invention, the shared microprocessor 250 is adapted to instruct the cordless module 265 to place the call on hold, and the cordless module 265 is adapted to place the cordless telephone 205 in a low RF mode in response to such instruction in order to eliminate the two-way transmit noise associated with both the cordless telephone 205 and the two way radio 210 ~~simultaneously~~ being simultaneously active. This mode stops the device 200 from maintaining a full duplex communication link 130 with the cordless base station 120 when a call is placed on hold. If the cordless telephone 205 in the device 200 no longer transmits to the cordless base station 120, no TDD noise is generated from the cordless telephone 205 that would degrade the transmit audio of the two way radio 210.

Please replace paragraph 0023 (page 8, line 11 through page 9, line 8) with the following amended paragraph:

[0023] FIG. 3 is a flow chart illustrating ~~[[for]]~~ the process used by the wireless communication device 200 of FIG. 2 for processing a cordless telephone call and a two way radio communication. Specifically, FIG. 3 illustrates the operation of the device 200 in maintaining an active cordless communication and an active two way communication simultaneously. As illustrated in FIG. 3, the operation begins with the activation of the device 200. For example, the device 200 is activated by a user turning on the device 200 using a power button. Next, in Step 305, a call is presumed to be in process on the cordless telephone system. Next, in Step 310, the operation queries for receipt of a two way radio communication. When a two way radio communication is detected in Step 310, the operation continues with Step 315 in which the user is alerted of the incoming call on the two way radio system. For example, a short audible alert sent via the speaker 215 or the earpiece 270 can be used to alert the user. Similarly, a visual alert displayed on the display 225 can be used to alert the user. Next, or ~~[[and]]~~ when no two way radio communication is detected in Step 310, the operation continues with Step 320, wherein the operation determines whether or not to enter a hold mode. For example, the shared microprocessor 250 can include predetermined instructions to automatically enter hold mode

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when a two way radio communication is received during an active cordless telephone communication. Alternatively Similarly, the shared microprocessor 250 can be programmed to query the user and the user can choose to enter the hold mode by pressing a button, soft key, or other manual user input. When hold mode is not entered in Step 320, the operation cycles back to Step 305 in which the cordless telephone communication continues.

Please replace paragraph 0024 (page 9, lines 9-23) with the following amended paragraph:

[0024] When hold mode is entered in Step 320, the operation continues to Step 325 in which the cordless telephone 205 is placed in a low RF mode (also referred to as "hold mode"). For example, the shared microprocessor 250 sends a command to the cordless module 265 to place the cordless telephone 205 in low RF mode. The hold mode operation is then controlled by the cordless phone protocol which can be contained within the software on the cordless module 265. Hold mode operation includes stopping the cordless telephone 205 from transmitting at 2.4 GHz, thereby placing[(i.e. operating)] the cordless telephone in a receive-only mode[D]]. In hold mode, the telephone link 135 is maintained between the cordless base station 120 and the telephone network 125. The cordless base station 120 is instructed by the device 200 to hold the line. With the line on hold, the cordless base station 120 sends only a broadcast message to the device 200 to maintain the communication link 130. The device 200 receives the messages from the cordless base station 120, but does not transmit. In the hold mode of Step 325, the microphone 240, the earpiece 270, and/or the speaker 215 can be placed in mute operation if such a preference has been set by the user.

Please replace paragraph 0026 (page 10, lines 6-22) with the following amended paragraph:

[0026] Next, in Step 332, it is determined whether or not two way radio communication is desired/required. When two way radio communication is desired/required in Step 332, the operation then continues to Step 335 in which the two way radio communication 335 is established. Next, or [(and)] when two way radio communication is not desired/required in Step 332, the operation continues with Step 340, in which the operation queries for an input to exit the

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hold mode. For example, a user can press a button to terminate the hold mode. Pressing a resume key on the device 200 can return the unit to normal cordless telephone connection, including the cordless telephone 205 exiting the low-traffic RF connection mode and returning to the normal cordless telephone connection mode. When an input to exit the hold mode is detected in Step 340, the operation cycles back to Step 305 in which the cordless communication is once again set to be fully active. In one embodiment[[,]] (not shown), the device 200 may be out of range of the cordless base station 120 when the input to exit hold mode is detected. In this embodiment, the device 200 will be unable to re-establish the cordless telephone connection (i.e., the communication link 130) and can notify the user of the out of range situation. For example, an out of range icon can be displayed on the display 225.

Please replace paragraph 0028 (page 11, lines 12-19) with the following amended paragraph:

[0028] When the timer is not refreshed in Step 345, the operation continues to Step 348 in which the operation determines whether or not the refresh timer has expired. When the refresh timer has not expired, the operation cycles back to Step 345 and periodically checks for refreshing of the timer. When the refresh [[refersh]] timer has expired in Step 348, the operation continues with Step 350 in which the cordless base station 120 goes on-hook to disconnect the telephone link 135 between the cordless base station 120 and the telephone network 125. In other words, the cordless call is terminated when no instruction is received from the handset after a predetermined timeframe.

Please replace paragraph 0029 (page 11, line 20 through page 12, line 7) with the following amended paragraph:

[0029] The invention as described herein provides a system and method for disabling a full duplex communication link between the communication device (105, 200) and the cordless base station 120 when a cordless call is placed on hold while maintaining a full duplex telephone link 135 between the cordless base station 120 and the telephone network 125. Without use of such a the "low RF mode," it is very difficult to isolate the RF coupling of the TDD noise generated by

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the cordless telephone from the two-way radio during transmissions. The present invention as described herein provides a novel system and method to place a call on hold including: stopping the handset from transmitting at 2.4 GHz when a call was placed on hold, terminating the call if no instruction is received from the handset after a predetermined timeframe, and keeping the call on hold if the handset is within range of the base unit after the predetermined "on hold" time is expired.